Principles of Sociology (3) SOCI 10000-1, 2, (ROM) 3&4 (ON-LINE)
This course provides students with an introduction to sociology, including culture, socialization, deviance, groups, social status, inequality, and social change. The interrelations among individuals, groups, and societies as well as how these impact and are impacted by social institutions including the family, education, the media, politics, and the economy.

Introduction Women’s Studies (3) SOCI 10800-1
This course introduces students to the history of the women’s movement in the U.S. and examines the construction and experience of gender across multicultural and global perspectives. It is designed to enhance interdisciplinary dialogue, to locate women’s voices and experiences in the stream of intellectual history, and to demonstrate how the present issues of feminist discourse emerged. Both women and men are encouraged to explore their own questions about gender in this course.

Sociological Theory (3) SOCI 20700-1
This course is designed with the goal of introducing students to facts and theories regarding the field of Sociological Theory. Theory seeks to provide grounded and testable hypotheses as to why people engage in various types of social behavior. Social theorists also want to understand how society deals with issues such as social problems, educations, love, social justice, etc. We will examine several specific sociological theorists and assess their thoughts, ideas, and research on society.

Diversity and Social Justice (3) SOCI 29000-1–12 & 17 (ROM), 13 – 16 & 18 (ON-LINE)
This course provides students with a framework to both analyze historical and contemporary patterns of exclusion, perceptions, and experiences and understand, create, and use various strategies, actions, and paths to increase social justice. Students also examine the role and relationships of and between institutions, such as familial, religious, legal, political, economic, and educational systems in creating, maintaining, and transforming said patterns, perceptions, and experiences.

Sociology Latinas/os in US (3) 31500-1
The social structure of Latina/o populations in the United States is studied, with special emphasis on immigration, economic structure, roles of community, family, gender, religion and politics, as they relate to US Latina/o identity.

Juvenile Delinquency (3) 34500-1
This course examines historical and current classifications of and responses to delinquency. Theories of delinquent behavior and the societal reaction to these acts will be explored. Critical analyses of theories and societal reactions to acts of delinquency and of the social (family systems, educations, and inequalities of race, gender, and social class) and political forces that influence policing, courts, and corrections practices and policies are utilized. Current efforts of prevention, diversion, and rehabilitation will be explored and critiqued.

Violence and Peace (3) 36000-1
This course explores the sociology of conflict, violence, and peace in a global context. Topics covered include the contexts that breed human rights violations, war and militarism, sexual violence, domestic and international terrorism, hate groups, and political violence. A variety of remedies from conventional deterrence and arms control strategies to alternative perspectives, such as nonviolent civil resistance, peace-building, restorative justice, and reconciliation strategies will be examined.

Social Deviance and Control (3) SOCI 36010-1
This course uses historical, theoretical, and statistical data to explain various concepts of deviant behavior. Students will learn key terms, statistical data, and theories regarding deviance. They will be asked to develop critical skills to analyze how normative definitions of deviance fluctuate. Students will also learn comparative theories, methods, and laws that other countries use to define and address deviance.